Design of an Induction Cooking Set.

- Guide: Prof. K.Munshi

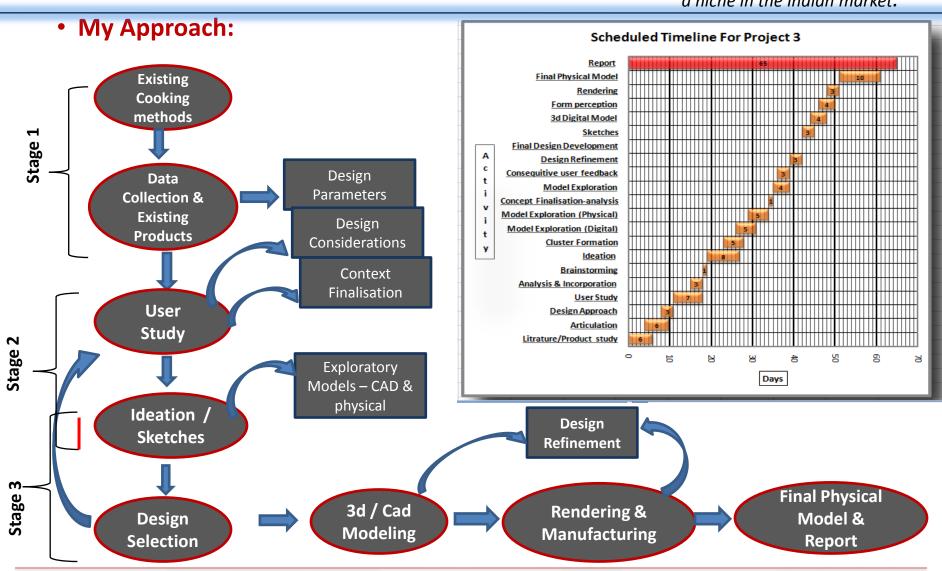
INTRODUCTION & DESIGN OBJECTIVE:

- People would always prefer to have home cooked food.
- Cooking food at your own will.
- In case of bachelors and hostellers, there is no preinstalled cooking infrastructure.
- A bachelor / hosteller would need an easy to cook and a non messy system, less space
 occupancy, and an incubated basic storage if possible.
- Hence, induction cooker proves to be the most appropriate cooking system within the context.

☐ Design Objective:

■ To design an induction cooking set (induction cooker + cookware) for bachelors/hostellers —

a niche in the Indian market.



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DATA COLLECTION:

Various Cooking Methods:

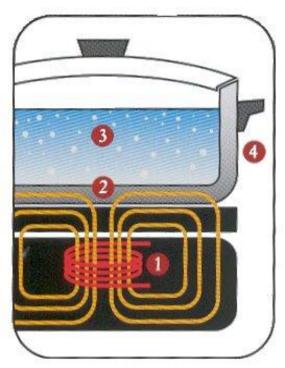
Conduction, Induction, Convection, Microwave, Radiation

What is Induction?

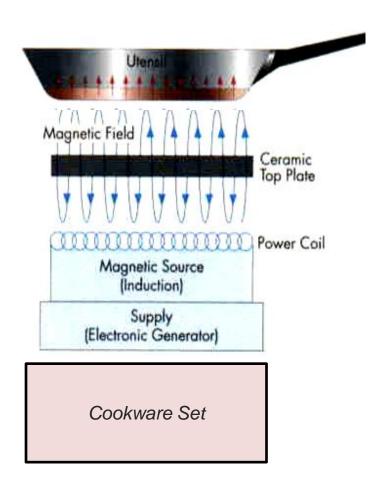
- -An electromagnetic coil beneath creates a magnetic field
- -Heat is induced into the cookware (2) by this electromagnetic field effect. .- (1)
- this field comes in contact with surface of cookware(4), and by its **oscillation**, induces heat within the pan and cooks the contents. –generates eddy currents due to hysteresis effect.

Heat transfer:

- Appliance to cookware- via magnetic induction
- cookware to food (3) via conduction.



☐ Typical Product Assembly Format:



Advantages:

- Works on electricity.
- Induction cookers are faster.
- more energy-efficient than other cooktops.-

90% energyefficient, (compared to 50% for gas).

- Cooking top surface remains at room temp.
- does not warm the air around it.
- Monitored voltage level Smart cooking.
- Precise temperature control and instant

response.

- Ease of Maintenance.

Drawbacks:

- **Price:** retail price ranges between \$300 to \$1000.
- Ferro-magnetic material copper, aluminium, & ceramics will not work as cookware.
- heat up time is almost instantaneous requires
 full concentration.
- The temperature is controlled by switching on and
 off the magnetic field creates temperature
 extremes.
- The material and wall thickness of the cookware is critical.
- Sometimes **decisive** as it has a cool cook top.
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Existing Products:

Induction Cooker:

- Dimensions:
 - Approx. 360x60x400mm
- Material: A.B.S., Ceramic
- Form: Often Circular, Large radius, seldom with sharp edges & pointed corners,
- Color: Often monochromatic.
 - Exhibits color contrast between body and ceramic top.
- Weight: 2.5 kg. to 3 kg.
- Elements: An assembly base, copper coil within, ceramic cooking top, digital display panel, buttons & knobs.
- Display panel: Power, timer, preset function options, temperature settings, & progressive indications.



Existing Products:

□ Cookware Set:

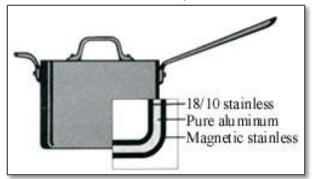
- Dimensions: Varies (approx. 3/5th of conventional sizes)
- Material:

Commonly **cast iron** (anodized),

Tri-Ply – 3 layered copper/aluminum

and ferromagnetic steel

sandwich)



- Must be stackable.
- Easy to maintain and clean free from undercuts and grooves.





Material Thickness:

Thin bottom - conducts heat quickly but unevenly

Thick Bottom - conducts heat slower, but more evenly, reducing hot spots.

To keep heat retainment, the thickness would be in the higher ranges.

(approx. above 1.25mm).



Cookware Analysis:

- 1. Material Analysis:
- 2. Shape Configuration Analysis:

1. Material Analysis:

Each material has its own **Thermal conductivity** & **Heat capacity**. (Specific heat)

Thermal Conductivity: is the materials ability to absorb energy,

Heat Capacity: is the amount of energy that is needed

to raise or lower the temperature of the material.

Appropriate Materials:

Cast-iron

- Retains heat for long.
- Takes time to heat.
- Highly ferro magnetic.
- Cooks evenly.

Material	Thermal conductivity		
Copper	401 W/m*K		
Aluminum	237 W/m*K		
Cast Iron	80 W/m*K		
Carbon steel	51 W/m*K		
Stainless steel	16 W/m*K		
Material	Specific Heat	Density	
Aluminum	910 J/kg*K	2600 kg/m ³	
Stainless Steel	500 J/kg*K	7500 - 8000 kg/m³	
Carbon Steel	500 J/kg*K	7500 - 8000 kg/m³	
Cast Iron	460 J/kg*K	7900 kg/m ³	
Copper	390 J/kg*K	8900 kg/m ³	

Composition:	Comments:	
Copper with tin lining	tin lining - can be susceptible to melting ; copper exterior requires more care	
Copper with stainless steel lining	imparts the utensil with copper's excellent thermal properties	
Aluminum with stainless steel lining	Thick aluminum provides excellent thermal response to thin steel interior.	
Copper fully clad by stainless steel	exterior and interior are durable and easy to maintain	
Aluminum fully clad by stainless steel	Imparts excellent conduction qualities , but has hot spots.	
Aluminum with stainless steel lining and copper exterior	Same performance as above.	

2. Shape Configuration Analysis:

different types of cookware to suit the requirement are:

FRYING (omelet pan or a skillet).

SAUCE - reheating foods to making delicate sauces.

OVEN

STOCK - excellent for soups, pasta and large sauces which call for minimal surface evaporation.

PRESSURE COOKER ROASTER

Dutch oven	7 quarts	french oven casserole	sauté pan	3 quarts	-
roaster	large	roasting pan	sauce pan	3 quarts	-
stock pot	large	<u>-</u> /	saucier	3 quarts	chef's pan reduction saucepan

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Looks like

Name

traditional skillet

non-stick skillet

cast-iron skillet

Good size

12 inches

12 inches

12 inches

aka

frygan.

omelet pan

frypan

omelet pan

frugan.

USER STUDY:

User Study:

• Part 1- The target users are the hostellers and the bachelors.

User	Male	Female	Total
Bachelors	8		8
Hostellers	8	8	16

Questionnaire:

- What can you cook yourself?
 Rice/dal, Eggs (boiled, fried, omelet, scrambled) poha, upma, maggi, toast, sandwiches, soup, milk, boiling water, tea/coffee, semi cooked non-veg.
- If the product exists, what would you cook? Would you cook cahpatis? No (17/24)
- Would you engage in cutting, and grinding? Seldom yes (14/25)
- Do you need the cooking set anyways?
 Yes
- How do you visualize the product? Its image....-shape, color, closed form, open form.
- Cuboid with shutters, bright color, small and easy to carry

- The **frequency** of usage. Atleast once a day (midnight and late afternoon)
- What is the preferable space it can occupy?
 Approx 1 cu ft.
- What may be the maximum **cook top height**? 1.1m max. (0.8m as table top, and 0.3 m as cooktop height)
- What is the possible amount of time you may put for cooking?
 Approx. 20 to 30 mins

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• Are you a heavy eater? What is the anticipated amount of uncooked rice you	u would have?
---	---------------

Approximately 125-150 gms. uncooked rice.

• Would you eat **alone** or would be **accompanied** by someone?

Often accompanied by someone

Part 2- Existing users- Housewives and cooks:

— anticipated quantity of uncooked rice required by a single heavy eater?

Approximately 175 gms. uncooked rice.

— the approximate **volume occupied** by the same amount of rice when cooked?

Approx. 280 cu cm.

(Online volumetric conversions= reference - http://www.onlineconversion.com/weight_volume_cooking.htm)

Product Brief :

Core benefits:

- Compact & an independent cooking appliance.
- > Energy efficient
- > An easy to cook solution.
- Non messy,
- **Easily operable.**
- ➤ Indian identity in form

User Profile :

- ➤ Hostellers & Bachelors. (overnight camps as secondary users)
- Age Segment identified 20 to 35 years.

Product Brief :

Limitations:

- ➤ High selling price- approx. =>Rs.1,200 Rs.25,000.
- Product is in a paralyzed state if no electricity.

Manufacturing Paradigm :

- Injection / Injection blow molding- body casing and snap components.
- Desirable materials A.B.S. as body shell,

ceramic or toughened glass as cooking top,

acetal as interior connecting elements (nuts, screws etc.).

ferrite / asbestos as flux concentrators.

Product has potent to be mass produced and hence shall prove in cheaper selling price.

□ Product Brief :

- Product Safety :
- No sharp edges.
- Product must signify when on.
- Visual element to convey the heat of the cookware.

Product Positioning :

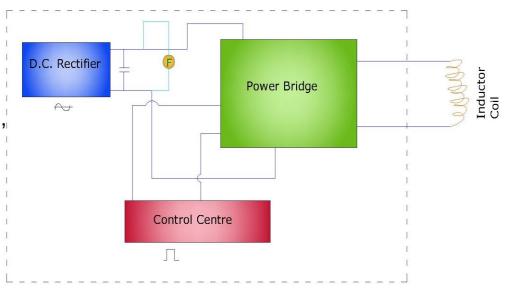
- Can play a very important role in the daily lifestyle of the user.
- High potential to induce the venture of new products by contemporary manufacturers.

□ Product Components :

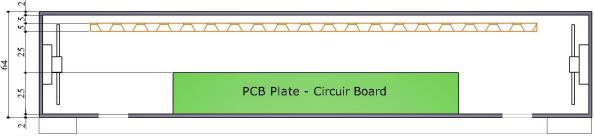
- An assembly base,
- copper coil inductor within,
- ceramic / toughened glass cooking top,
- digital display panel, buttons & knobs.
- P.C.B. Plate -
- Convection Cooling fan(s)
- Air Inlet / outlets.

Display panel:

Power, timer, preset function options, temperature settings, & progressive indications.



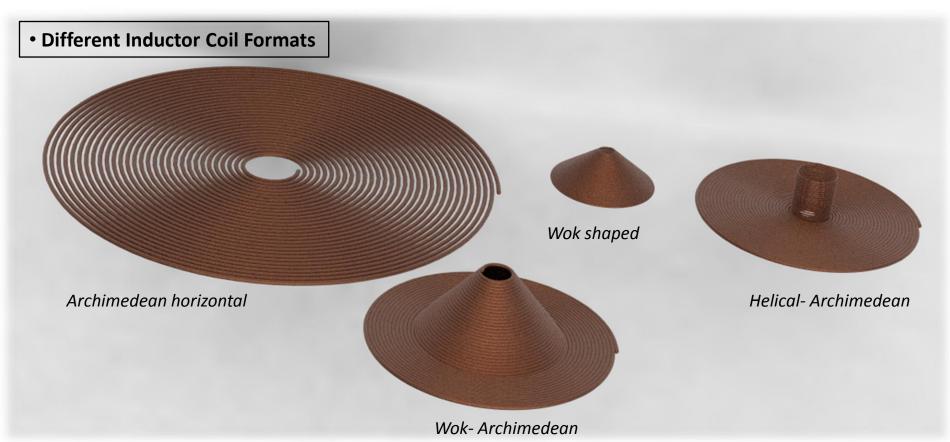
Schematic Circuit Diagram



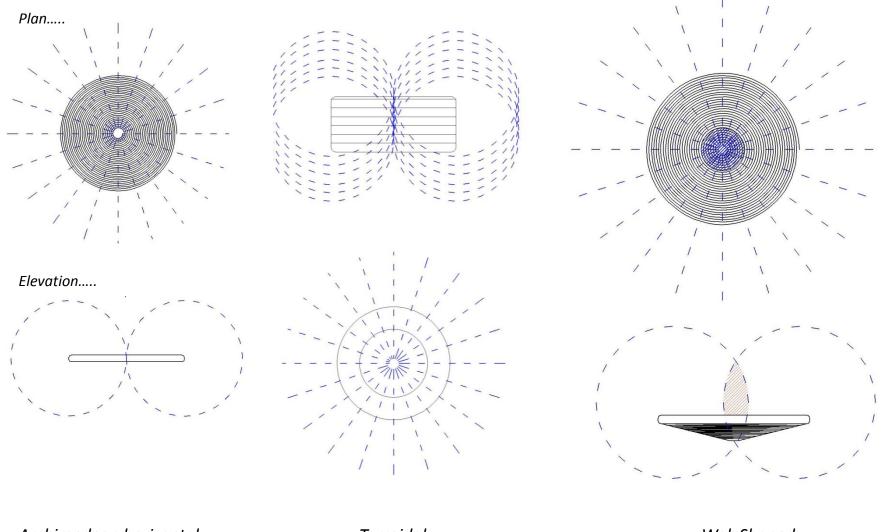
Typical Cross Section of Induction Cookers



•Multi Stranded inductor Coils:



• Inductor Coil Analysis:



Archimedean horizontal Torroidal Wok Shaped

□ Cookware Set:

Cookware: A sauce pan & concaved pan.

■ Volume : **320 cm³** > 200gm uncooked rice

Dimensions:

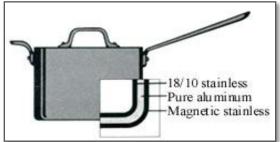
Sauce pan => 16cm dia., 5 cm deep
pan => 17 cm dia. (5mm concave depth)

Material:

Commonly cast iron (anodized),

(varied wall thickness).

Tri-Ply – (3 layered copper/aluminum and ferromagnetic steel sandwich)



- Must be stackable.
- Easy to maintain and clean free from undercuts and grooves.

Effect of Material Thickness:

On Conduction:

Thin bottom - conducts heat quickly but unevenly

Thick Bottom - conducts heat slower, but more evenly, reducing hot spots.

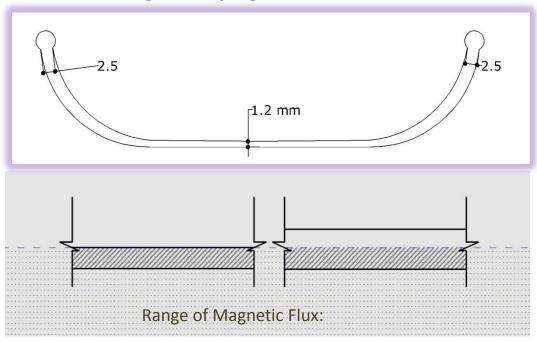
To keep heat retainment, the thickness would be in the higher ranges.

(approx. above 1.25mm).

On Induction:

More the thickness, faster the heating effect & vice versa.

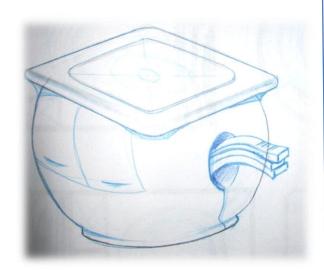
Induction Range: Varying Cookware wall thickness:



IDEATION & CONCEPTS:

Cluster 1: - Flat Bottom Heating - Storage Centric • Yohan.S.Engineer | P.D. | I.D.C. | IIT Bombay |

Cluster 1:











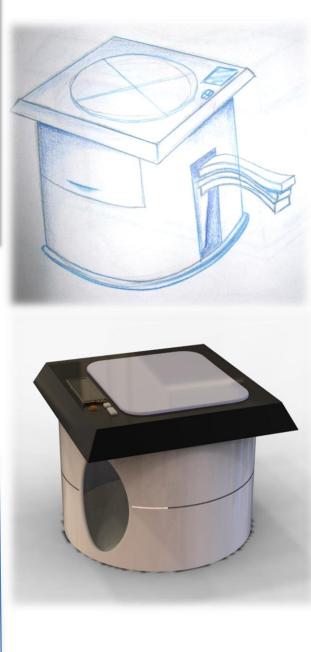


Cluster 1:

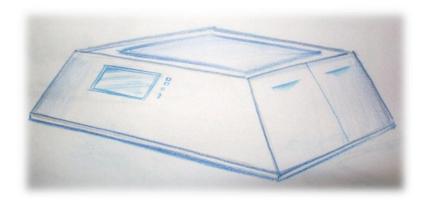


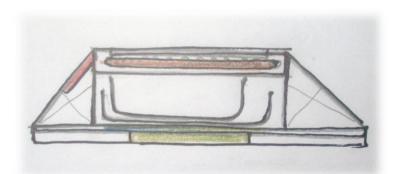




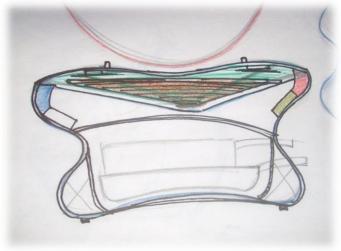


Cluster 1:











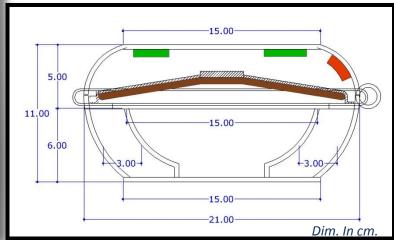
Concept 1:



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Concept 1:





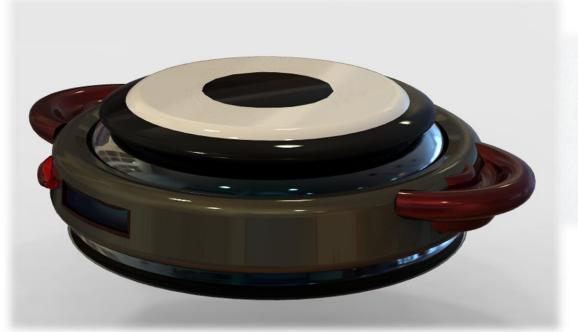


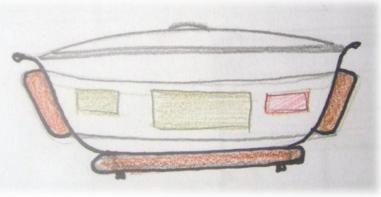


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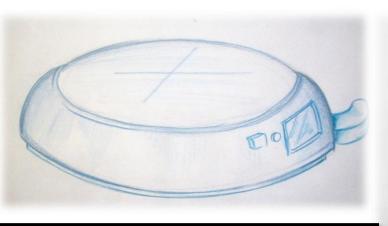
Cluster 2:

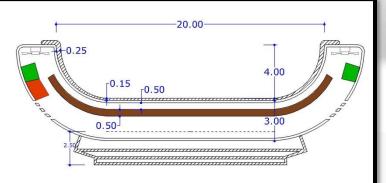






Cluster 2:

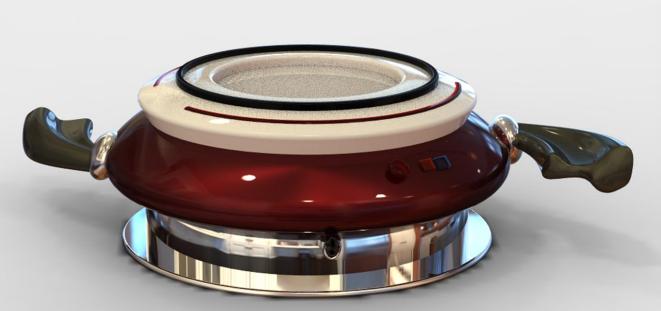


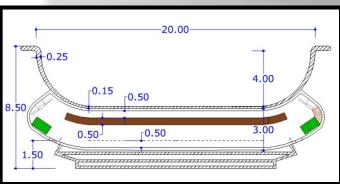


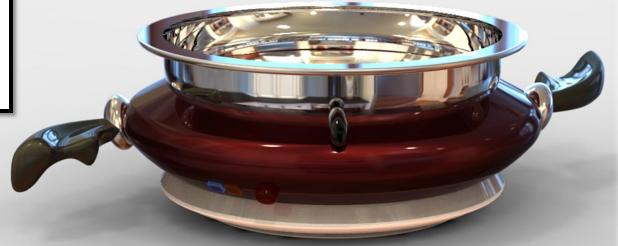


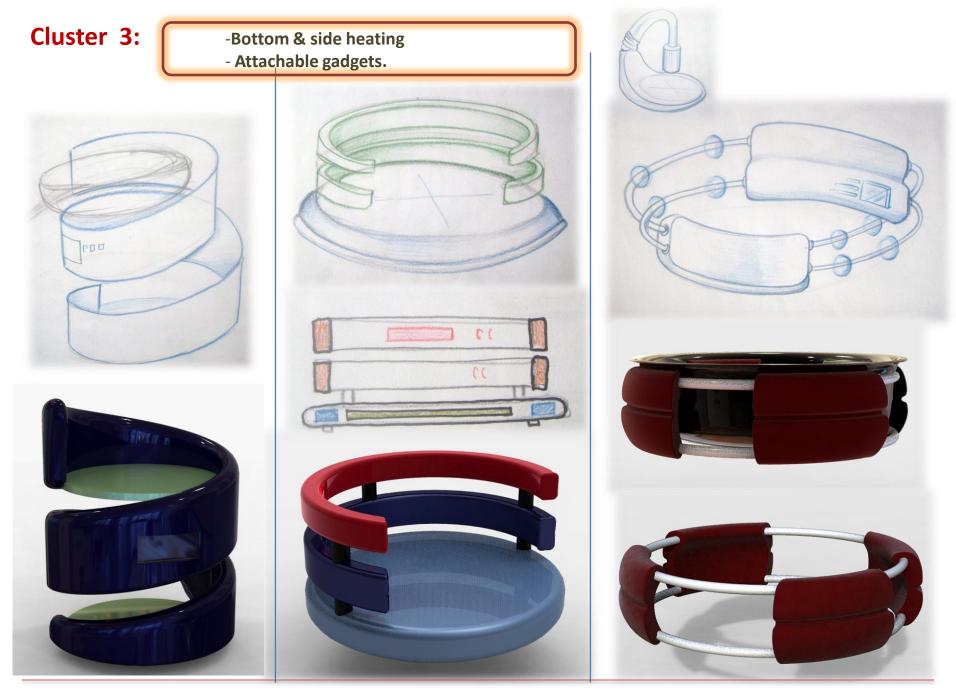


Concept 2:

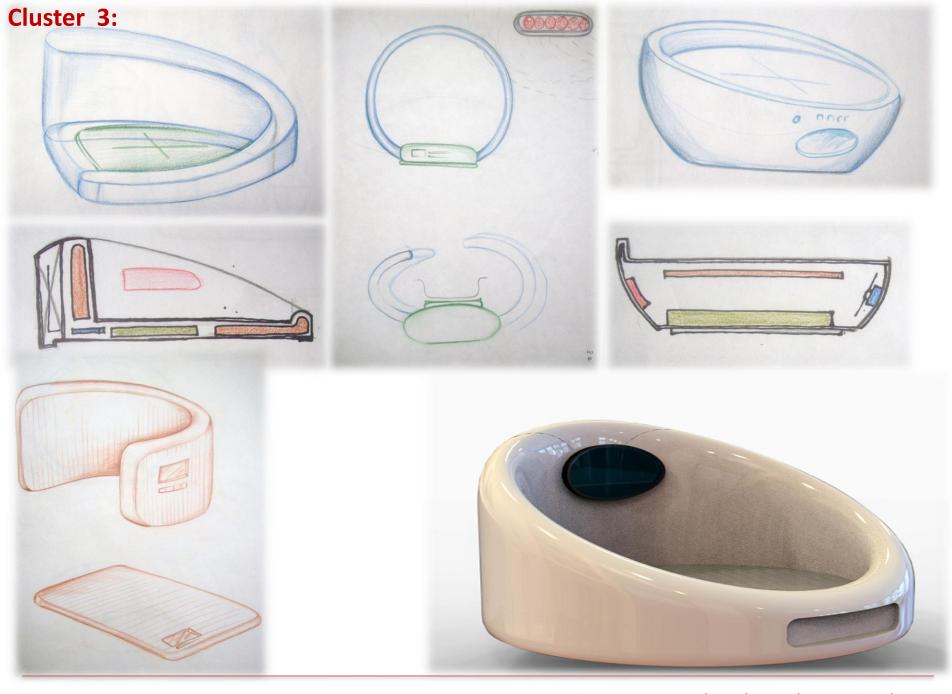








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Concept 3:



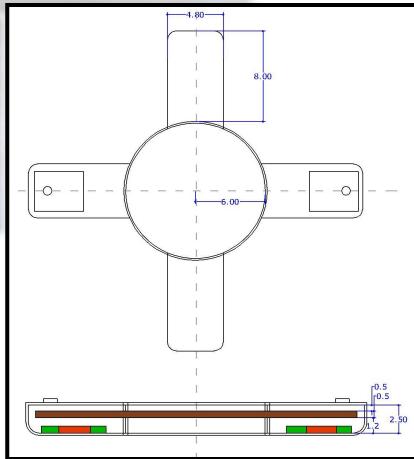


Material:

High temperature sealants and fire sleeves

- Pyrosealant™
- Pyreflect™ Firesleeve
- IndustrialPyrojacket®





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CONCEPT EVALUATION:



Concept. No	Efficiency	Cost & Manufa cturing	Safety	Compact	Durability	Tech. Simplici ty	Storage Capability	Human Factor sensitive	Aesthetics	Interesting factor of Influence	Maintenan ce	Total Value Un – weighed	Total Value Weighed
Value Weigh tage	100%	90%	80%	75%	65%	50%	45%	40%	40%	30%	20%		
1	65	70	80	50	70	80	90	60	70	60	60	805	436
2	75	60	60	80	80	70	40	80	80	70	70	815	443
3	80	50	70	90	65	40	10	40	50	80	80	760	396

Post Design User Feedback:

The concept 2 was further exposed to the users, where the feedback of the users became the refinement criteria of the particular design.

The users were further questioned about various aspects like –

- -The **overall form** of the product,
- -the **ease** of usage,
- amount of storage within this particular design.
- Overall product composition:
 - display panel, positioning of

handles, shape, form and angle,

- product user interaction.
- cookware must be attached or not?
- color?





Design Constraints:

- -The design was brought down to a **single sided usage**, and not the inverted one.
- the cookware was **no more permanently** attached.
- Also, aspects of reverse heating of the ceramic top, was to be avoided to whatever the possible extent.

Feedback:

• Form: The overall form of the product was liked by all.

It looked trendy, and also had an Indian identity.

But a little **decrease in depth** of the body would be appreciated

• **Storage** -Contradictory to the earlier user study, they **preferred the product to house basic** spices compartments as storage, and a cutting board.

Cookware:

Unlike this design, they preferred the cookware to be **detached**, but would appreciate a **snap property to the body**, when not in use.

- -The **handles** were simulated, and then liked by all. They found it more comfortable in comparison to the conventional handles there could be an **extra tilt** in the handle angle w.r.t. the body. *This* was necessary for the natural angle of the fore arm during grasping.
- Also, since the product was no longer a two sided cooking appliance, there was no **need to have** handles at both sides unlike the previous design

Intermediate Design:





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Final Design:











Product Specification:

Material: - A.B.S. Body casing, (hardness, gloss, toughness, and electrical insulation properties).

- ceramic as cooking top,

acetal as interior connecting elements (nuts, screws etc.).
 ferrite / asbestos as flux concentrators.

- rubber pads as base.

- Cookware - cast iron pan, and tri ply sauce pan.

- colored Bakelite handles.

Dimensions: - **Induction cooker** -220mm external dia. x 60mm overall depth.

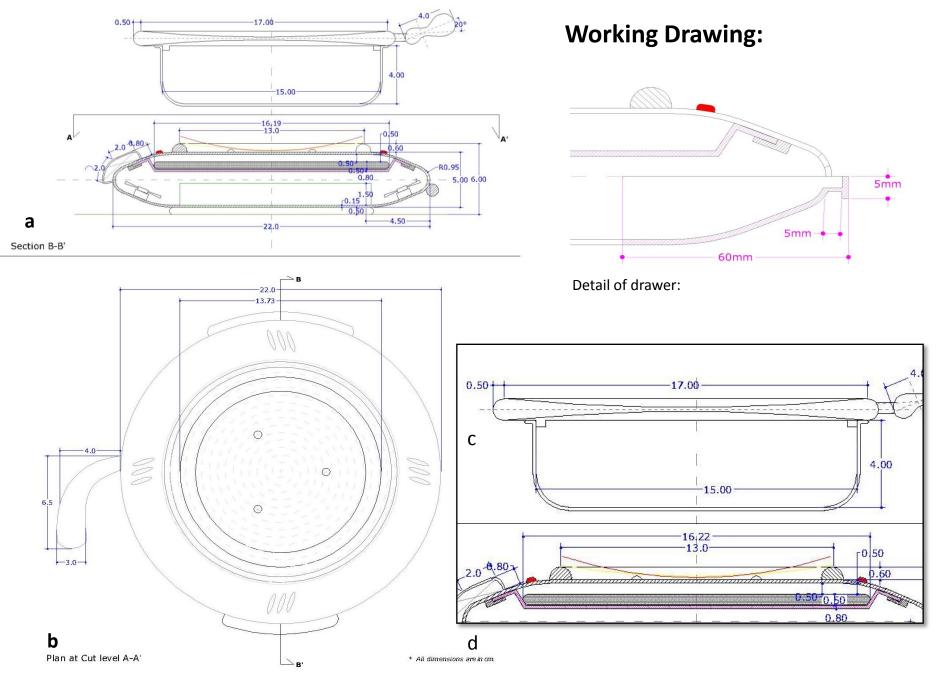
- Cookware: Pan – 180mm dia.

Sauce pan – 160mm dia. x 45mm

Functions: - Auto cook, cook, auto defrost, appointment.

Net weight: 2 kg

Aprox. Retail Price: Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 2,500



Interaction/Interface Design:

Functions: Power,

Cook

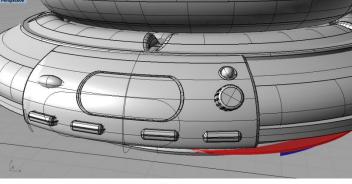
Auto Cook,

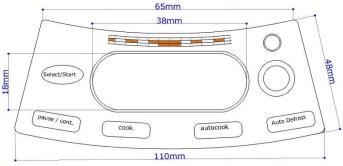
Appointment

Auto defrost

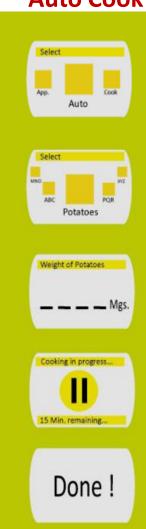
Pause / continue

Temperature setting power/temp. setting

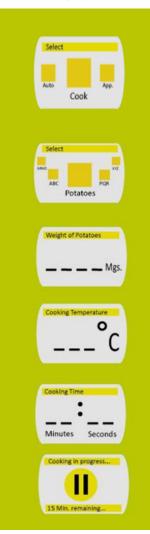




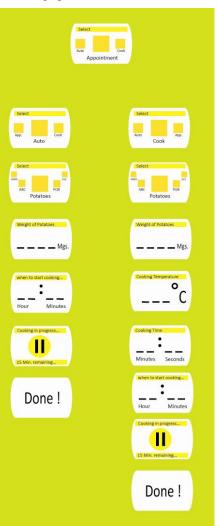
Auto Cook



Cook



Appointment



Thank You.